

Folks, 733 F. Supp. 2d at 651. (quoting United States v. McKay, 352 F. Supp. 2d 359, 361 (E.D.N.Y. 2005)). Otherwise, the exception justifying early termination would swallow the rule. McKay, 352 F. Supp. 2d at 361.

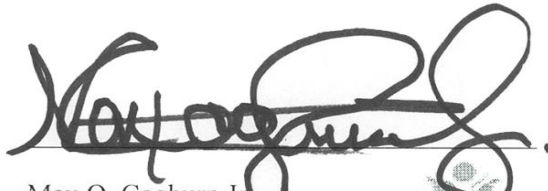
Defendant's full term of supervised release will end on September 19, 2025. Now, having successfully completed three years of supervised release, Defendant moves for early termination. In support of his motion, Defendant notes that he has established stable residency and employment, and successfully completed a drug treatment program. Defendant is commended for this substantial personal growth following his release from prison. But Defendant's compliance with the terms of his supervised release alone "does not warrant early termination." Folks, 733 F. Supp. 2d at 651. Because Defendant fails to adduce sufficient verifiable evidence of "exceptionally good behavior" that would render the remaining year of supervised release inappropriate, id., the Court will deny Defendant's motion.

If Defendant obtained the written support of his probation officer for early termination, the Court would be willing to reconsider Defendant's motion. For this reason, the Court's denial of Defendant's motion will be without prejudice.

ORDER

IT IS, THEREFORE, ORDERED that Defendant's motion for early termination of supervised release, (Doc. No. 2, 3), is **DENIED** without prejudice.

Signed: May 29, 2024


Max O. Cogburn Jr.
United States District Judge